

# Animal-free, defined culture system preserving chondrogenic phenotype: FRS™ Pioneer and animal origin-free TGF-β1

A collaborative study between Media City Scientific and Qkine

## Introduction

Primary chondrocytes are notoriously challenging to maintain in culture. In the absence of appropriate biochemical signals, chondrocytes rapidly dedifferentiate toward a fibroblastic phenotype during monolayer expansion, a process characterized by the loss of rounded morphology, reduced collagen type II and aggrecan expression, and the acquisition of fibroblast-like gene signatures. This phenotypic drift is a critical problem for cartilage tissue engineering, osteoarthritis research, and cell-based therapies where chondrogenic identity must be maintained across expansion passages [1].

Transforming growth factor beta 1 (TGF-β1) is a central regulator of chondrogenic lineage identity and a well-established component of chondrocyte expansion and differentiation protocols [2, 3]. Qkine's TGF-β1 PLUS™ is the only commercially available animal-origin-free (AOF) recombinant TGF-β1. Qkine are a specialist recombinant protein manufacturer producing completely AOF, highly bioactive growth factors and cytokines, with guaranteed lot-to-lot consistency.

FRS™ Pioneer (Media City Scientific) is a fully chemically defined, AOF serum replacement formulated for broad cell type compatibility and lot-to-lot consistency. While FRS Pioneer is standardly used for 100% replacement of FBS in the culture of immortalized cell lines, here we evaluate FRS™ Pioneer supplemented with Qkine's TGF-β1 PLUS™ and FGF-2 as a serum replacement for primary chondrocyte culture. We demonstrate that a fully defined system can match FBS-supplemented

expansion while maintaining chondrogenic morphology.

## Methods

### *Culture conditions*

Primary chondrocytes were thawed into FBS-containing medium. After 24 hours, cells were directly adapted into DMEM/F12 supplemented with one of five conditions: (1) no supplement; (2) 10% FRS™ Pioneer; (3) 9% FRS™ Pioneer + 1% FBS; (4) 10% FBS; or (5) 10% FRS™ Pioneer + 10 ng/ml FGF-2 (Qk025) + 1 ng/ml TGF-β1 PLUS™ (Qk010). Cells were maintained across four passages over 15 days.

### *Adhesion strategy*

For serum-free and low-serum conditions, 50% conditioned medium from the preceding passage was retained and combined with 50% fresh medium at each re-seed. Chondrocytes produce endogenous ECM components including collagen type II and aggrecan; conditioned medium recycling exploits this to maintain surface conditioning without exogenous coating or serum-derived adhesion proteins.

Alternatively, results were equivalent when standard TC-treated plates were coated with GECKO adhesion proteins (Media City Scientific) at 1.25 μg/cm<sup>2</sup> for 2h at 37°C prior to receiving cells.

Primary cells are inherently variable between donors and isolates; the conditions described here represent a validated starting point, and optimization of growth factor concentrations or adhesion coating strategy may be beneficial for specific cell sources.

## Results

### **Fully defined medium matches FBS expansion and preserves chondrogenic morphology**

Primary chondrocytes cultured in FRS™ Pioneer supplemented with FGF-2 and TGF-β1 PLUS™ achieved expansion and morphology comparable to the 10% FBS-supplemented control over 15 days and four passages. Cumulative population doublings were equivalent between the defined and FBS-supplemented conditions. The 9% FRS™ Pioneer / 1% FBS hybrid condition also performed equivalently to 10% FBS, providing a practical transition pathway for laboratories not yet ready to eliminate serum entirely.

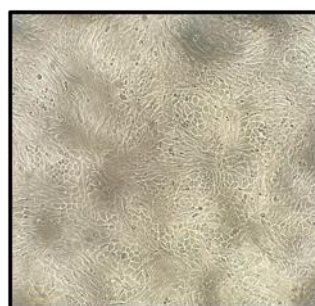
### **TGF-β1 is required to maintain chondrogenic identity during expansion**

Chondrocytes cultured in FRS™ Pioneer without TGF-β1 supplementation showed clear morphological drift toward a fibroblastic phenotype, adopting elongated, spindle-like morphology inconsistent with chondrogenic identity. This transition was not observed in cultures supplemented with TGF-β1 PLUS™, where cells maintained a compact, rounded morphology consistent with chondrogenic character. This finding underscores the role of TGF-β1 as a critical lineage-maintenance signal during chondrocyte monolayer culture [3].

A) 10% FRS Pioneer



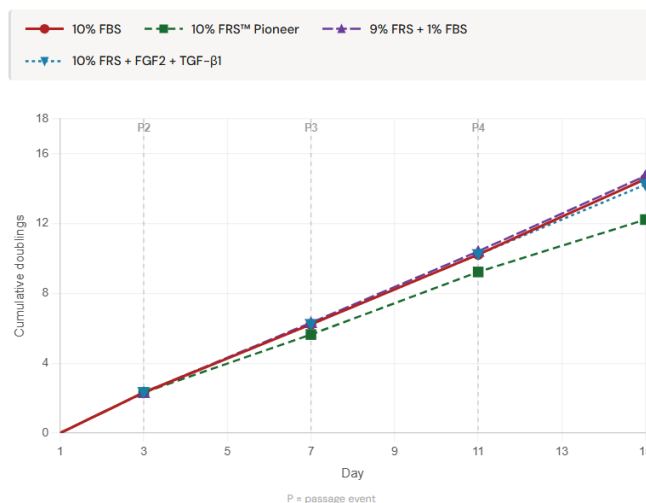
B) FRS Pioneer + TGFb + FGF



**Figure 2. Representative morphology of primary chondrocytes under defined conditions.** (A) FRS™ Pioneer without TGF-β1 showed morphological drift toward a fibroblastic phenotype. (B) FRS™ Pioneer + TGF-β1 PLUS™ + FGF-2 maintained chondrogenic morphology.

## Conclusion

FRS™ Pioneer supplemented with TGF-β1 PLUS™ and FGF-2 supports primary chondrocyte expansion equivalent to FBS over 15 days while maintaining chondrogenic morphology. TGF-β1 supplementation was required to prevent phenotypic drift: without it, chondrocytes adopted a fibroblastic morphology. The fully AOF system described provides a regulatory-compliant path for chondrocyte expansion with direct applications in cartilage tissue engineering and cell-based therapies.



**Figure 1. Cumulative population doublings of primary chondrocytes over 15 days.** Defined medium (FRS™ Pioneer + FGF-2 + TGF-β1 PLUS™) achieved expansion equivalent to the 10% FBS positive control across four passages. Basal media alone failed to support cell proliferation beyond 72h. Dashed vertical lines indicate passage events. Points indicate measured values; lines represent interpolated growth between passage events. GFs: 10 ng/ml FGF-2 + 1 ng/ml TGF-β1.

### **AOF TGF-β1: The only commercially available animal origin-free option**

Qkine's TGF-β1 PLUS™ is the only commercially available animal-origin-free recombinant TGF-β1. When combined with FRS™ Pioneer — itself fully chemically defined and animal-origin-free — the complete culture system described here contains no animal-derived inputs. This represents a credible path toward manufacturing compliance for cartilage engineering and chondrocyte-based therapeutic applications.

## References

- [1] Chu Y, Hikita A, Asawa Y, et al. Advancements in chondrocyte 3-dimensional embedded culture: Implications for tissue engineering and regenerative medicine. *Biomedical Journal*. 2025; 48:2: 100786. doi.org/10.1016/j.bj.2024.100786.
- [2] Murphy MK, Huey DJ, Hu JC, et. al. TGF- $\beta$ 1, GDF-5, and BMP-2 stimulation induces chondrogenesis in expanded human articular chondrocytes and marrow-derived stromal cells. *Stem Cells*. 2015; 33:3: 762-73. doi.org/10.1002/stem.1890.
- [3] Tekari A, Luginbuehl R, Hofstetter W, et. al. Transforming Growth Factor Beta Signaling Is Essential for the Autonomous Formation of Cartilage-Like Tissue by Expanded Chondrocytes. *Plos One*. 2025; 10:3: e0120857. doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0120857

## Media City Scientific

Media City Scientific manufactures FRS™ Pioneer, a fully chemically defined, animal-origin-free serum replacement engineered for broad primary cell type compatibility and lot-to-lot consistency. FRS™ Pioneer is available directly and through Qkine.

<https://www.mediacityscientific.com>

## Qkine

Qkine are committed to raising the standards of growth factors, cytokines and related proteins to better support long-term and complex stem cell culture.

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